HLS 10RS-1151 ENGROSSED

Regular Session, 2010

HOUSE BILL NO. 555

BY REPRESENTATIVE ROSALIND JONES

CRIME/THEFT: Creates a uniform system of gradations for types of theft and certain other crimes providing for misappropriation without violence

1 AN ACT 2 To amend and reenact R.S. 14:67(B), 67.2(B)(1), (2), and (3), 67.5(B), 67.10(B)(1), (2), and 3 (3), 67.13(B), 67.18(B), 67.21(C)(1), (2), and (3), 67.23(C), 67.26(C), 68.2(C), 4 68.7(B)(1), 69(B)(1), (2), and (3), 70.2(C)(2), (3), and (4), 70.4(E)(1), (2), and (3), 5 and 71(C), (D), and (E), relative to offenses involving misappropriation without violence; to provide for a uniform system of gradations based upon the value of the 6 7 goods taken for certain offenses involving theft or misappropriation without 8 violence; to provide with respect to criminal penalties for certain offenses; and to 9 provide for related matters. 10 Be it enacted by the Legislature of Louisiana: 11 Section 1. R.S. 14:67(B), 67.2(B)(1), (2), and (3), 67.5(B), 67.10(B)(1), (2), and (3), 12 67.13(B), 67.18(B), 67.21(C)(1), (2), and (3), 67.23(C), 67.26(C), 68.2(C), 68.7(B)(1), 13 69(B)(1), (2), and (3), 70.2(C)(2), (3), and (4), 70.4(E)(1), (2), and (3), and 71(C), (D), and (E) are hereby amended and reenacted to read as follows: 14 15 §67. Theft 16 17 B.(1) Whoever commits the crime of theft when the misappropriation or taking amounts to a value of one thousand five hundred dollars or more shall be 18 19 imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more than ten years, or may be fined 20 not more than three thousand dollars, or both.

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CODING: Words in struck through type are deletions from existing law; words <u>underscored</u> are additions.

1 (2) When the misappropriation or taking amounts to a value of three five 2 hundred dollars or more, but less than a value of one thousand five hundred dollars, 3 the offender shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more than two 4 five years, or may be fined not more than two thousand dollars, or both. 5 (3) When the misappropriation or taking amounts to less than a value of three five hundred dollars, the offender shall be imprisoned for not more than six 6 7 months, or may be fined not more than one thousand dollars, or both. If the offender 8 in such cases has been convicted of theft two or more times previously, upon any 9 subsequent conviction he shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not

* * *

more than two years, or may be fined not more than two thousand dollars, or both.

§67.2. Theft of animals

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B.(1) Whoever commits the crime of theft of animals, when the misappropriation or taking amounts to a value of <u>one thousand</u> five hundred dollars or more, shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more than ten years, or may be fined not more than three thousand dollars, or both.

- (2) When the misappropriation or taking amounts to a value of three <u>five</u> hundred dollars or more, but less than a value of <u>one thousand</u> five hundred dollars, the offender shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more than two <u>five</u> years or may be fined not more than two thousand dollars, or both.
- (3) When the misappropriation or taking amounts to less than a value of three <u>five</u> hundred dollars, the offender shall be imprisoned for not more than six months or may be fined not more than five hundred dollars, or both. If the offender in such a case has been convicted of misdemeanor theft of an animal two or more times previously, upon any subsequent conviction he shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more than two years or may be fined not more than one thousand dollars, or both.

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§67.5. Theft of crawfish; penalty

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3	B.(1) Whoever commits the crime of theft of crawfish when the
4	misappropriation or taking amounts to a value of one thousand five hundred dollars
5	or more shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more than ten years
6	or may be fined not more than three thousand dollars, or both.
7	(2) When the misappropriation or taking amounts to a value of three five
8	hundred dollars or more, but less than a value of one thousand five hundred dollars
9	the offender shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more than two
10	five years or may be fined not more than two thousand dollars, or both.
11	(3) When the misappropriation or taking amounts to less than a value of
12	three five hundred dollars, the offender shall be imprisoned for not more than six
13	months or may be fined not more than five hundred dollars, or both. If the offender
14	in such cases has been convicted of theft of crawfish one or more times previously
15	upon any subsequent conviction he shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor
16	for not more than ten years or may be fined not more than three thousand dollars, or
17	both.
18	* * *
19	§67.10. Theft of goods
20	* * *
21	B.(1) Whoever commits the crime of theft of goods when the
22	misappropriation or taking amounts to a value of one thousand five hundred dollars
23	or more shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more than ten years
24	or may be fined not more than three thousand dollars, or both.
25	(2) When the misappropriation or taking amounts to a value of three five
26	hundred dollars or more, but less than a value of one thousand five hundred dollars
27	the offender shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more than two
28	five years or may be fined not more than two thousand dollars, or both.

dollars, or both.

(3) When the misappropriation or taking amounts to less than a value of
three five hundred dollars, the offender shall be imprisoned for not more than six
months or may be fined not more than five hundred dollars, or both. If the offender
in such cases has been convicted of theft or theft of goods two or more times
previously, upon any subsequent conviction he shall be imprisoned, with or without
hard labor, for not more than two years or may be fined not more than one thousand
dollars, or both.
* * *
§67.13. Theft of an alligator
* * *
B.(1) Whoever commits the crime of theft of an alligator when the
misappropriation or taking amounts to a value of one thousand five
hundred dollars or more shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more
than ten years, or may be fined not more than three thousand dollars, or both.
(2) When the misappropriation or taking amounts to a value of three five
hundred dollars or more, but less than a value of <u>one thousand</u> five hundred dollars,
the offender shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more than two
five years or may be fined not more than two thousand dollars, or both.
(3) When the misappropriation or taking amounts to less than a value of
three five hundred dollars, the offender shall be imprisoned for not more than six
months or may be fined not more than five hundred dollars, or both. If the offender
in such cases has been convicted of theft of an alligator two or more times
previously, upon any subsequent conviction he shall be imprisoned, with or without
hard labor, for not more than two years or may be fined not more than one thousand

§67.18. Cheating and swindling

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3	B.(1) Whoever violates the provisions of this Section when the value of such
4	money or property or combination thereof or reduced or increased wager amounts
5	to a value of one thousand five hundred dollars or more shall be imprisoned, with or
6	without hard labor, for not more than ten years, or may be fined not more than three
7	thousand dollars, or both.
8	(2) When the value of such money or property or combination thereof or
9	reduced or increased wager amounts to a value of three five hundred dollars or more,
10	but less than a value of one thousand five hundred dollars, the offender shall be
11	imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more than two five years, or may be
12	fined not more than two thousand dollars, or both.
13	(3) When the value of such money or property or combination thereof or
14	reduced or increased wager amounts to less than a value of three five hundred
15	dollars, the offender shall be imprisoned for not more than six months, or may be
16	fined not more than five hundred dollars, or both. If the offender in such cases has
17	been convicted of cheating and swindling two or more times previously, upon any
18	subsequent conviction he shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not
19	more than two years, or may be fined not more than two thousand dollars, or both.
20	* * *
21	§67.21. Theft of the assets of an aged person or disabled person
22	* * *
23	C.(1) Whoever commits the crime of theft of the assets of an aged person or
24	disabled person when the value of the theft equals one thousand five hundred dollars
25	or more may be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more than ten years
26	and shall be fined not more than three thousand dollars, or both.
27	(2) Whoever commits the crime of theft of the assets of an aged person or
28	disabled person when the value of the theft equals three five hundred dollars or more,
29	but less than one thousand five hundred dollars may be imprisoned, with or without

2 thousand dollars, or both. 3 (3) Whoever commits the crime of theft of the assets of an aged person or 4 disabled person when the value of the theft equals three five hundred dollars or less 5 may be imprisoned for not more than six months and shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars, or both. 6 7 8 §67.23. Theft of a used building component; penalties 9 10 C.(1) Whoever commits the crime of theft of a used building component, 11 when the theft or taking amounts to a value or replacement value, whichever is 12 greater, of one thousand five hundred dollars or more shall be fined not more than 13 three thousand dollars, imprisoned with or without hard labor for not more than ten 14 years, or both. 15 (2) When the theft or taking amounts to a value or replacement value, 16 whichever is greater, of three five hundred dollars or more, but less than a value of 17 one thousand five hundred dollars, the offender shall be imprisoned, with or without 18 hard labor, for not more than two five years, or may be fined not more than two 19 thousand dollars, or both. 20 (3)(a) When the theft or taking amounts to a value or replacement value, 21 whichever is greater, of less than three five hundred dollars, the offender shall be 22 imprisoned, for not more than six months, or may be fined not more than five 23 hundred dollars, or both. 24 (b) In a case provided for in Subparagraph (a) of this Paragraph, if the offender has been convicted two or more times previously of a theft or taking which, 25 26 on each previous occasion, amounted to a value or replacement value, whichever is 27 greater, of less than three five hundred dollars, he shall be imprisoned, with or

hard labor, for not more than two five years and shall be fined not more than two

1	without hard labor, for not more than two years, or may be fined not more than two
2	thousand dollars, or both.
3	* * *
4	§67.26. Theft of a motor vehicle
5	* * *
6	C.(1) Whoever commits the crime of theft of a motor vehicle when the
7	misappropriation or taking amounts to a sum of one thousand five hundred dollars
8	or more shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more than ten years,
9	or may be fined not more than three thousand dollars, or both.
10	(2) Whoever commits the crime of theft of a motor vehicle when the
11	misappropriation or taking amounts to a sum of three five hundred dollars or more
12	but less than one thousand five hundred dollars shall be imprisoned, with or without
13	hard labor, for not more than two five years, or may be fined not more than two
14	thousand dollars, or both.
15	(3) Whoever commits the crime of theft of a motor vehicle when the
16	misappropriation or taking amounts to a sum of less than three five hundred dollars
17	shall be imprisoned for not more than six months, or may be fined not more than one
18	thousand dollars, or both.
19	* * *
20	§68.2. Unauthorized use of food stamp coupons, food stamp authorization cards, or
21	food stamp access devices
22	* * *
23	C.(1) Whoever commits the crime of unauthorized use of food stamp
24	coupons, food stamp authorization cards, or food stamp access devices when the
25	coupons, authorization cards, or access devices amount to a value of one thousand
26	five hundred dollars or more shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not
27	more than ten years, or may be fined not more than three thousand dollars, or both.
28	(2) When the coupons, authorization cards, or access devices amount to a
29	value of three five hundred dollars or more, but less than one thousand five hundred

2 than two five years or may be fined not more than two thousand dollars, or both. 3 (3) When the coupons, authorization cards, or access devices amount to less 4 than a value of three five hundred dollars, the offender shall be imprisoned for not 5 more than six months or may be fined not more than five hundred dollars, or both. 6 7 §68.7. Receipts and universal product code labels; unlawful acts 8 9 B.(1) Except as provided in Paragraphs (3) and (4) of this Subsection, 10 whoever violates the provisions of this Section shall be subject to the following 11 penalties: 12 (a) When the fair market value of the goods which are the subject of the 13 falsified retail sales receipts or universal product code labels, as described in 14 Subsection A of this Section, equals one thousand five hundred dollars or more, 15 imprisonment, with or without hard labor, for not more than ten years, or a fine not 16 to exceed three thousand dollars, or both. 17 (b) When the fair market value of the goods which are the subject of the 18 falsified retail sales receipts or universal product code labels, as described in 19 Subsection A of this Section, equals three five hundred dollars or more but less than 20 one thousand five hundred dollars, imprisonment, with or without hard labor, for not 21 more than two five years or a fine of not more than two thousand dollars, or both. 22 (c) When the fair market value of the goods which are the subject of the 23 falsified retail sales receipts or universal product code labels, as described in 24 Subsection A of this Section, is less than three <u>five</u> hundred dollars, imprisonment for not more than six months, or a fine not to exceed five hundred dollars, or both. 25 26 If a person is convicted of violating the provisions of this Section in a manner 27 consistent with this Subparagraph two or more times previously, upon any

dollars, the offender shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more

1	subsequent conviction, he shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not
2	more than two years, or may be fined not more than two thousand dollars, or both.
3	* * *
4	§69. Illegal possession of stolen things
5	* * *
6	B.(1) Whoever commits the crime of illegal possession of stolen things,
7	when the value of the things is one thousand five hundred dollars or more, shall be
8	imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more than ten years, or may be fined
9	not more than three thousand dollars, or both.
10	(2) When the value of the stolen things is three <u>five</u> hundred dollars or more,
11	but less than one thousand five hundred dollars, the offender shall be imprisoned,
12	with or without hard labor, for not more than two five years, or may be fined not
13	more than two thousand dollars, or both.
14	(3) When the value of the stolen things is less than three five hundred
15	dollars, the offender shall be imprisoned for not more than six months or may be
16	fined not more than one thousand dollars, or both. If the offender in such cases has
17	been convicted of receiving stolen things or illegal possession of stolen things two
18	or more times previously, upon any subsequent conviction, he shall be imprisoned,
19	with or without hard labor, for not more than two years or may be fined not more
20	than two thousand dollars, or both.
21	* * *
22	§70.2. Refund or access device application fraud
23	* * *
24	C.
25	* * *
26	(2) Whoever commits the crime of access device application fraud when the
27	misappropriation or taking amounts to a value of one thousand five hundred dollars
28	or more shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more than ten years,
29	or may be fined not more than three thousand dollars, or both.

2	hundred dollars or more, but less than a value of one thousand five hundred dollars,
3	the offender shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more than two
4	five years or may be fined not more than two thousand dollars, or both.
5	(4) When the misappropriation or taking amounts to less than a value of
6	three five hundred dollars, the offender shall be imprisoned for not more than six
7	months or may be fined not more than five hundred dollars, or both. If the offender
8	in such cases has been convicted of theft two or more times previously, upon any
9	subsequent conviction he shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not
10	more than two years or may be fined not more than one thousand dollars, or both.
11	* * *
12	§70.4. Access device fraud
13	* * *
14	E.(1) A person who commits the crime of access device fraud when the
15	misappropriation or taking amounts to a value of one thousand five hundred dollars
16	or more shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more than ten years,
17	or fined not more than five thousand dollars, or both.
18	(2) When the misappropriation or taking amounts to a value of at least three
19	five hundred dollars, but less than a value of one thousand five hundred dollars, the
20	offender shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more than three five
21	years or fined not more than three thousand dollars, or both.
22	(3) When the misappropriation or taking amounts to a value of less than
23	three five hundred dollars, the offender shall be imprisoned for not more than six
24	months or fined not more than five hundred dollars, or both.
25	* * *
26	§71. Issuing worthless checks
27	* * *
28	C. Whoever commits the crime of issuing worthless checks, when the
29	amount of the check or checks is one thousand five hundred dollars or more, shall

(3) When the misappropriation or taking amounts to a value of three five

1	be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more than ten years, or may be
2	fined not more than three thousand dollars, or both.
3	D. When the amount of the check or checks is three five hundred dollars or
4	more, but less than one thousand five hundred dollars, the offender shall be
5	imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not more than two five years or may be
6	fined not more than two thousand dollars, or both.
7	E. When the amount of the check or checks is less than three five hundred
8	dollars, the offender shall be imprisoned for not more than six months or may be
9	fined not more than five hundred dollars, or both. If the offender in such cases has
10	been convicted of issuing worthless checks two or more times previously, upon any
11	subsequent conviction he shall be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for not
12	more than two years or be fined not more than one thousand dollars, or both.
13	* * *

DIGEST

The digest printed below was prepared by House Legislative Services. It constitutes no part of the legislative instrument. The keyword, one-liner, abstract, and digest do not constitute part of the law or proof or indicia of legislative intent. [R.S. 1:13(B) and 24:177(E)]

Rosalind Jones HB No. 555

Abstract: Creates a uniform system of gradations for types of theft and certain other crimes providing for misappropriation without violence and provides for penalties based on those gradations.

<u>Present law</u> defines theft as the misappropriation or taking of any thing of value which belongs to another, either without the consent of the other to the misappropriation or taking, or by means of fraudulent conduct, practices, or representations. An intent to deprive the other permanently of whatever may be the subject of the misappropriation or taking is essential.

<u>Present law</u> provides for penalties for theft based upon the value of the goods taken and uses the following scale for those penalties:

- (1) The misappropriation or taking amounts to a value of \$500 or more.
- (2) The misappropriation or taking amounts to a value of \$300 or more, but less than a value of \$500.
- (3) The misappropriation or taking amounts to less than a value of \$300.

<u>Present law</u> provides for the crimes of theft of animals, crawfish, goods, an alligator, used building components, assets of an aged or disabled person, a motor vehicle, cheating and swindling, unauthorized use of food stamps, illegal possession of stolen things, unlawful acts

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regarding receipts and universal product code labels, refund or access device application fraud, access device fraud, and issuing worthless checks.

<u>Present law</u> provides penalties for each of these offenses and uses a gradation of penalties based upon the value of the goods taken or misappropriated.

<u>Proposed law</u> retains the provisions of <u>present law</u> but adopts the following gradation scale for each of those crimes:

- (1) The misappropriation or taking amounts to a value of \$1,500 or more.
- (2) The misappropriation or taking amounts to a value of \$500 or more, but less than a value of \$1,500.
- (3) The misappropriation or taking amounts to less than a value of \$500.

(Amends R.S. 14:67(B), 67.2(B)(1), (2), and (3), 67.5(B), 67.10(B)(1), (2), and (3), 67.13(B), 67.18(B), 67.21(C)(1), (2), and (3), 67.23(C), 67.26(C), 68.2(C), 68.7(B)(1), 69(B)(1), (2), and (3), 70.2(C)(2), (3), and (4), 70.4(E)(1), (2), and (3), and (71(C), (D), and (E))